

DP03

SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Hot Springs town, North Carolina			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin o
EMPLOYMENT STATUS				
Population 16 years and over	399	+/-109	399	(X)
In labor force	156	+/-59	39.1%	+/-9.6
Civilian labor force	156	+/-59	39.1%	+/-9.6
Employed	145	+/-58	36.3%	+/-9.7
Unemployed	11	+/-16	2.8%	+/-3.7
Armed Forces	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-9.0
Not in labor force	243	+/-75	60.9%	+/-9.6
Civilian labor force	156	+/-59	156	(X)
Percent Unemployed	(X)	(X)	7.1%	+/-9.6
Females 16 years and over	204	+/-63	204	(X)
In labor force	90	+/-44	44.1%	+/-13.3
Civilian labor force	90	+/-44	44.1%	+/-13.3
Employed	87	+/-40	42.6%	+/-12.6
Own children under 6 years	22	+/-35	22	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	9	+/-32	40.9%	+/-59.1
Own children 6 to 17 years	39	+/-35	39	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	9	+/-17	23.1%	+/-42.5
COMMUTING TO WORK				
Workers 16 years and over	145	+/-58	145	(X)
Car, truck, or van drove alone	122	+/-55	84.1%	+/-11.0
Car, truck, or van carpooled	12	+/-13	8.3%	+/-8.7
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-22.5
Walked	3	+/-7	2.1%	+/-4.7
Other means	8	+/-9	5.5%	+/-6.1
Worked at home	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-22.5
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	26.0	+/-8.3	(X)	(X)
OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	145	+/-58	145	(X)

Subject	Hot Springs town, North Carolina				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin o	
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	23	+/-16	15.9%	Error +/-11.6	
Service occupations	47	+/-30	32.4%	+/-15.2	
Sales and office occupations	46	+/-25	31.7%	+/-13.2	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-14.0	
occupations		17-13	0.070	17-22.0	
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	29	+/-27	20.0%	+/-13.4	
AIRLIOTRY					
NDUSTRY Civilian employed population 16 years and over	445	. / 50	445	()()	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	145	+/-58 +/-13	0.0%	+/-22.5	
Construction Manufacturing	7	+/-9	4.8%	+/-6.3	
Wholesale trade	29	+/-25	20.0%	+/-12.4	
Retail trade	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-22.5	
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	27	+/-19	18.6%	+/-11.6	
Information	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-22.5	
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and	3	+/-5	2.1%	+/-3.4	
easing	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-22.5	
Professional, scientific, and management, and dministrative and waste management services	13	+/-21	9.0%	+/-13.1	
Educational services, and health care and social	16	+/-15	11.0%	+/-9.4	
ssistance Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and	39	+/-21	26.9%	+/-12.0	
ccommodation and food services Other services, except public administration	6	+/-9	4.1%	+/-6.4	
Public administration	5	+/-9	3.4%	+/-6.4	
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CLASS OF WORKER					
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	145	+/-58	145	(X)	
Private wage and salary workers	128	+/-57	88.3%	+/-10.7	
Government workers	12	+/-13	8.3%	+/-9.1	
Self-employed in own not incorporated business	5	+/-7	3.4%	+/-5.4	
vorkers Unpaid family workers	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-22.5	
NCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2012 INFLATION- ADJUSTED DOLLARS)					
Total households	226	+/-58	226	(X)	
Less than \$10,000	52	+/-32	23.0%	+/-12.2	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	19	+/-16	8.4%	+/-7.1	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	39	+/-20	17.3%	+/-7.7	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	29	+/-25	12.8%	+/-9.9	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	34	+/-25	15.0%	+/-9.8	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	44	+/-24	19.5%	+/-9.0	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	6	+/-8	2.7%	+/-3.5	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	3	+/-6	1.3%	+/-2.5	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-15.2	
\$200,000 or more	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-15.2	
Median household income (dollars)	25,682	+/-10,546	(X)	(X)	
Mean household income (dollars)	31,460	+/-5,397	(X)	(X)	
With earnings	114	+/-46	50.4%	+/-12.7	
Mean earnings (dollars)	30,397	+/-7,086	(X)	(X)	
With Social Security	119	+/-42	52.7%	+/-12.9	
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	15,255	+/-2,948	(X)	(X)	
With retirement income	41	+/-26	18.1%	+/-9.9	
Mean retirement income (dollars)	26,754	+/-13,271	(X)	(X)	
With Supplemental Security Income	46	./.20	20.40/	./44	
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	7,791	+/-28 +/-2,708	20.4% (X)	+/-11.4 (X)	
With cash public assistance income	7,791	+/-2,708	(X) 1.8%	(X) +/-2.6	

Subject	Hot Springs town, North Carolina				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error	
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	525	+/-52	(X)	(X)	
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	69	+/-33	30.5%	+/-12.4	
Families	122	+/-49	122	(X)	
Less than \$10,000	10	+/-19	8.2%	+/-13.8	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-26.0	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	23	+/-18	18.9%	+/-13.9	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	29	+/-25	23.8%	+/-16.1	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	28	+/-25	23.0%	+/-16.2	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	28	+/-17	23.0%	+/-12.4	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1	+/-4	0.8%	+/-3.1	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	3	+/-6	2.5%	+/-4.3	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-26.0	
\$200,000 or more	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-26.0	
Median family income (dollars)	34,688	+/-6,797	(X)	(X)	
Mean family income (dollars)	37,149	+/-7,487	(X)	(X)	
	07,140	1, 1, 101	(71)	(71)	
Per capita income (dollars)	16,562	+/-3,296	(X)	(X)	
Nonfamily households	104	+/-37	104	(X)	
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	13,816	+/-4,862	(X)	(X)	
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	24,787	+/-8,272	(X)	(X)	
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	18,750	+/-20,501	(X)	(X)	
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	34,063	+/-11,385	(X)	(X)	
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	32,000	+/-6,523	(X)	(X)	
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE					
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	460	+/-136	460	(X)	
With health insurance coverage	389	+/-117	84.6%	+/-6.8	
With private health insurance	179	+/-62	38.9%	+/-11.9	
With public coverage	274	+/-102	59.6%	+/-10.3	
No health insurance coverage	71	+/-40	15.4%	+/-6.8	
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18 years	61	+/-67	61	(X)	
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No health insurance coverage	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-40.8	
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	294	+/-89	294	(X)	
In labor force:	156	+/-59	156	(X)	
Employed:	145	+/-58	145	(X)	
With health insurance coverage	95	+/-40	65.5%	+/-18.3	
With private health insurance	94	+/-40	64.8%	+/-18.5	
With public coverage	5	+/-8	3.4%	+/-5.7	
No health insurance coverage	50	+/-37	34.5%	+/-18.3	
Unemployed:	11	+/-16	11	(X)	
With health insurance coverage	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-96.0	
With private health insurance	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-96.0	
With public coverage	0	+/-13	0.0%	+/-96.0	
No health insurance coverage	11	+/-16	100.0%	+/-96.0	
Not in labor force:	138	+/-56	138	(X)	
With health insurance coverage	128	+/-54	92.8%	+/-9.5	
1100	25	+/-17	18.1%	+/-12.5	
With private health insurance	20				
With private health insurance With public coverage	108	+/-54	78.3%	+/-13.6	

Subject	Hot Springs town, North Carolina			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL				
All families	(X)	(X)	8.2%	+/-13.8
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	45.5%	+/-54.5
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	-	**
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	0.0%	+/-36.4
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	0.0%	+/-100.0
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	-	**
Families with female householder, no husband present	(X)	(X)	33.3%	+/-46.6
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	62.5%	+/-62.5
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	-	**
All people	(X)	(X)	21.7%	+/-14.9
Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	55.7%	+/-55.7
Related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	55.7%	+/-55.7
Related children under 5 years	(X)	(X)	68.8%	+/-68.8
Related children 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	51.1%	+/-51.1
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	16.5%	+/-9.2
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	18.7%	+/-11.7
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	10.5%	+/-8.5
People in families	(X)	(X)	13.5%	+/-20.6
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	41.8%	+/-16.2

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

While the 2008-2012 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008-2012 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 5. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
 6. An '***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of
- sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.